

DOI:10.18686/ahe.v8i10.13990

# The Inheritance and Innovation of Traditional Teahouse Culture in Modern Society: A Sichuan-Chongqing and Western Perspective

#### **Zhenghan Liang**

Chongqing Institute of Foreign Studies, Chongqing 401120, China

Abstract: Teahouse culture, as one of the traditional social forms in China, has a deep historical foundation, especially in Sichuan and Chongqing areas. However, with the change of modern society and the influence of globalization, the traditional teahouse culture is facing the challenge of inheritance and innovation. Based on this, the paper analyzes the value and function of teahouse culture in modern society, discusses the similarities and differences between Sichuan and Chongqing and western tea culture, and focuses on how to realize innovation and integration of teahouse culture in modern society. It aims to provide theoretical reference for the sustainable development of teahouse culture, and promote the regeneration and innovation of traditional culture in the modern social environment.

**Keywords:** Teahouse culture; Sichuan and Chongqing region; Modern social interaction; Inheritance and innovation; Crosscultural communication

## 1. Introduction

Traditional teahouse culture is not only an important part of Chinese culture, but also a symbol of deep history and culture in Sichuan and Chongqing area. The function of teahouses has long gone beyond simply drinking tea places, becoming an important platform for people to exchange ideas and shape social networks. Teahouse culture in the modern society, especially in the process of urbanization and the increasingly diversified modern social mode of the background, facing the dual challenges of inheritance and innovation. The spread of western tea culture and the cultural intersection of local teahouses also provide a new perspective and inspiration for the transformation of traditional teahouse culture. Therefore, to explore the modern changes of Sichuan and Chongqing teahouse culture, its functional transformation in modern social interaction and its integration with Western tea culture is the key to understand the development of contemporary tea culture.

### 2. Core elements of traditional teahouse culture

### 2.1 Function of teahouse as a social place

As a unique social space, teahouse has a long history and various forms. In traditional culture, teahouse is not only a place for people to drink tea, but also a gathering place for people to socialize, exchange information and entertain themselves. Its social function transcends the limitation of physical space and is the link to maintain social connection and communicate emotions. Especially in Sichuan and Chongqing areas, teahouses play an important social role and become the carrier of local social culture, widely attracting people from different social classes and groups to gather together.

#### 2.2 Forms of communication and social interaction in teahouse culture

The core of teahouse culture lies in its "openness" and "inclusiveness". In the Sichuan-Chongqing area, for example, teahouses often become a microcosm of street life, where people not only drink tea for entertainment, but also engage in various forms of social interaction. These interactions include talking, exchanging news, watching performances, and even participating in folk art activities. The teahouse space itself has a natural promotion effect on the social mode, and its environment is loose and open, promoting the unfettered communication between people.

## 2.3 Regional characteristics and historical origin of teahouse culture in Sichuan-Chongqing area

The teahouse culture in Sichuan and Chongqing area has a long history and deep local characteristics. Since Ming and Qing Dynasties, teahouses have played an important role in Sichuan-Chongqing area. In the local economy and culture, teahouses are not only the distribution center of business activities, but also the center of political, cultural and social activities. The teahouse culture in Sichuan and Chongqing has distinct local colors, such as the face-changing of Sichuan opera, folk performances and local snacks, etc., which have become unique social platforms and cultural symbols in the local areas.

## 3. Modern transformation of teahouse culture in Sichuan-Chongqing area

## 3.1 Changes of teahouses in the process of urbanization

With the acceleration of urbanization in Sichuan and Chongqing areas, traditional teahouses are facing unprecedented changes. The accelerated pace of modern life and the change of residents' lifestyle have led to the gradual weakening of the original functions of the teahouse. People's cognition and demand for traditional teahouses have changed, and teahouses are no longer just places for social and leisure, but also commercialized and personalized to a certain extent. In this process, how to keep the traditional culture while adapting to the needs of modern society has become an important topic for the development of tea houses.

## 3.2 Challenges faced by traditional teahouses and the needs of modern society

In modern society, the attention of the younger generation to teahouses is gradually declining. Traditional teahouses often rely on local traditional culture and fixed social mode, but this mode is no longer suitable in the face of fast-paced urban lifestyle. Meanwhile, modern consumers are more inclined to seek diversified and personalized consumption experience, which puts forward higher requirements for the service mode, space design and cultural atmosphere of traditional teahouses. Therefore, how to balance the contradiction between tradition and modernity has become an urgent problem for traditional teahouses to solve.

## 4. The introduction and localization of Western tea culture

## 4.1 Historical background and transmission path of western tea culture

The development of western tea culture originated from Britain in the 17th century. With the global expansion of the British Empire, tea culture was gradually introduced into Europe and its colonies. As an important social place in Western culture, teahouses have gradually become the gathering center of upper class society and intellectuals. Different from the "commonness" and "folk" of tea house culture in Sichuan and Chongqing, Western tea culture pays more attention to the elegance and privacy of space, and this difference in cultural form also affects the social function and atmosphere of tea house.

#### 4.2 Functional comparison between Western teahouses and Sichuan-Chongqing teahouses

In its cultural context, the Western teahouse is mainly used as a place for social communication and cultural activities, emphasizing a comfortable, quiet and elegant atmosphere, which is suitable for deep communication or relaxed socializing. On the other hand, teahouses in Sichuan and Chongqing are more open, diversified and direct social environment, with freer forms of interaction for the public. The functional differences between the two reflect the needs and design of social Spaces in different cultural contexts.

## 4.3 Influence of cross-cultural communication on tea culture innovation

The collision and fusion of Sichuan and Chongqing teahouse culture and western tea culture provides new possibilities for the innovation of traditional teahouse. From service model, space design to product diversification, Sichuan-yu teahouses have absorbed many innovative elements in the process of communicating with Western tea culture. The introduction of western tea culture not only promoted the modernization transformation of the teahouse in Sichuan and Chongqing area to some extent, but also made the teahouse culture more diversified under the background of globalization, forming a cultural phenomenon of cross-culture symbiosis.

# 5. Cross-cultural innovation and integration of teahouse culture

## 5.1 The modernization and globalization trend of Sichuan and Chongqing teahouse culture

Sichuan and Chongqing teahouse culture is in the process of the dual transformation of modernization and globalization. In the face of the competitive pressure of globalization and the impact of modern consumer culture, the traditional teahouse gradually adopts a more modern and commercial business model, while maintaining certain local characteristics. For example, some modern tea houses focus on the multi-functional design of the space, combining tea art display, social interaction and modern entertainment elements to create a social space with cultural identity and attraction.

#### 5.2 Influence of western teahouse culture on Sichuan-Chongqing teahouse

With the introduction of western tea culture, Sichuan and Chongqing teahouse culture presents a more diversified development

trend. Modern Sichuan-Chongqing teahouses not only retain the traditional tea art and social functions, but also gradually introduce Western elements such as coffee and pastries to create new social experiences. The introduction of western tea culture not only brings new business ideas to Sichuan and Chongqing teahouses, but also promotes the integration between teahouse culture and modern social needs.

## **5.3** Expression of teahouse cultural innovation

The innovation of teahouse culture is not only reflected in the space design and service model, but also in the way of social interaction. Modern teahouses pay more attention to the personalized needs of customers, and meet the needs of different consumers through digital service platforms, social media interaction and customized tea experience. The functional division of teahouse space is also more flexible, and the "communication" of traditional teahouse and the "experience" of modern teahouse combine to form a new social and cultural form.

# 6. The value and function of teahouse culture in modern social interaction

## 6.1 Teahouses serve as social links and communication platforms

Teahouse has always been an important place for people to socialize, acting as a link of social contact. Whether it is a conversation or business exchange, teahouses provide an informal and open platform for communication. With the development of society, teahouses still play an important role in modern socializing, becoming places where people slow down and resume face-to-face communication.

#### 6.2 Influence of teahouse culture on modern social interaction

The relaxed atmosphere and interaction of teahouse culture have influenced modern forms of social interaction. Teahouses focus on etiquette and communication, promoting the trend of modern social focus on emotional connection and human interaction. Especially in face-to-face communication, the warm environment provided by the teahouse promotes deeper emotional exchanges and the establishment of trust.

## 6.3 Shaping of modern interpersonal relationship by inheritance and innovation of teahouse culture

The inheritance of teahouse culture has maintained its important role in interpersonal relations through innovation. The innovation of modern teahouse in design and service makes the teahouse become a multi-functional platform for social and cultural exchanges. This innovation, combined with tradition, has shaped the modern society to pay more attention to emotional communication and indepth interactive interpersonal relations.

### 7. Conclusion

As an important place for social communication, teahouse culture has undergone multiple changes of tradition and modernity, showing the coexistence of inheritance and innovation. In the process of modernization, teahouse culture in Sichuan and Chongqing area is faced with the dilution of traditional functions and the transformation of modern needs. The introduction of western tea culture has brought new impetus to its innovation. The modern teahouse is no longer a single place for leisure, but has become a space full of multicultural exchanges and social functions. Under the background of globalization and urbanization, the innovation and integration of Sichuan and Chongqing teahouse culture will continue to be an important direction for the development of tea culture.

## **References:**

- [1] Liang Y H. Study on interaction between teahouse culture and urban life [J]. Economic Research Guide,2022,(18):85-87. (in Chinese)
- [2] Li Haoyue. Research on the application of local cultural resources in Narrative writing teaching of junior middle school [D]. Sichuan Normal University,2022.
- [3] Lausanne is more talented. Research on the application of teahouse culture in Chinese literary works [J]. Fujian Tea,2022,44(03): 98-100.